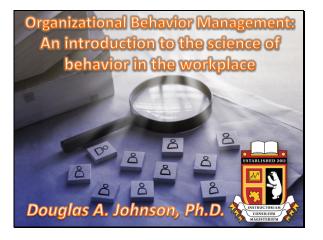
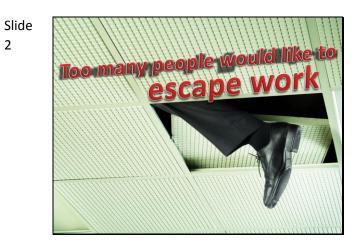
Slide 1





- Work as an aversive concept
- Most of our waking lives are dedicated to this aversive activity

- Can more be done?
- Example of an inherently boring . job

Slide 3

2



Slide 4



Most activities we enjoy tend to be boring if you analyze the behaviors without context



Although the task may be boring, that does not mean that the environment has to be boring

Slide 6

5



If we can make other activities enriching, then why not the world of work?

Slide 7



- Work is awful because we make it awful
- Too often work is characterized by extinction and punishment



- Management tries to fix by finding the magic perfect employee who will work hard despite the terrible contingencies
- Employee who will do the job with enthusiasm for years despite constantly being ignored and neglected

Slide 9



- Some supervisors are almost offended at suggestion that we can do more to better manage the contingencies
- We show kindness to new employees, but that doesn't last
- Shoulda outta wanna do their jobs

> • Weekly of living threater The constant threat to

lose standard of living

- Typically manage via subtle threat
- Weekly wages enable a standard of living, which is constantly threatened by supervisors



 We tend to ignore employees until something goes wrong, at which point the threats stop being subtle

This patterns repeats with greater intensity

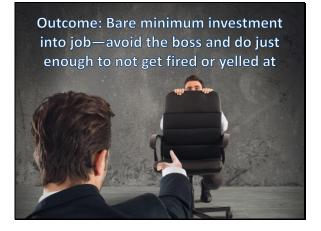
Slide 12

Slide

10



Slide 13



- All too common outcome: Employees who do the bare minimum and no more
- Just enough to avoid the scorn of management



- Behavior analysts like to measure behavior and collect data
- Employees will claim their particular jobs can't be measured, mostly because measurement historically means undesirable attention

Slide 15



 Common sense interventions lead to temporary enthusiasm and no lasting change

Slide 16



- Employees can be safer, more productive, and more satisfied
- OBM is bigger than making companies more money, it has the potential to improve the world in a meaningful way
- Imagine the impact on our culture and our world if our working lives were better



 Clear and effective antecedent pinpointing, training, and clarification

Slide 18



- Better use of consequences monetary incentives, recognition, praise, and feedback
- Proper delivery is key

Consequences

Slide 19



 Aligning the antecedents, behaviors, and consequences for the individual employees, supervisors, and organizations as a whole

• Producing value for everyone

Slide 20

WESTERN MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY
Western Michigan during sure the contingencies of for everybody, from the worker to the person who owns the system and is getting his profits out of this, not to mention how much this is contributing to the good of the culture as a whole. – B. F. Skinner (1972)
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